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ON

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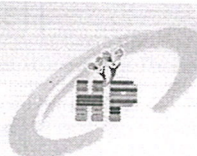
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08

Tourism Centers and Problems of Tourism Development

: A Geographical Study of Gadchiroli District
2011-12 to 2016-17

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Abstract:-

With changing times there is a change in tourism development in tourism, different vehicles for transportation of use are used. Though tourism has entertained purpose but it has also geographical historical cultural and religious background. Tourism can be of two types – urban and rural. In Gadchiroli district there is a maximum no. of rural tourist centers which includes historical forts, religious places and nature beauties. But there is a lack of facilities in rural tourist center's as these places are not developed. Tourism of Gadchiroli district faces several problems and difficulties that include nuxlite movement problem, lack of financial development, hotels and Lodging, climate, transportation, and illiteracy. People look out for the district etc.

Keyword:- Tourism centre's, Development of tourism, Facilities and Problem in tourist places

Introduction:-

Tourisms means a travel / journey / trip

of nonresidential person and income acquiring to, some place without aiming at permanent residence. It may be rural or urban tourism, today this has become the most developed and important industry in the world. Gadchiroli district is abundant in nature beauty located in the eastern region of Maharashtra. 75% of Gadchiroli district is a forest occupied area including the main hilly region like Aheri, Bhamragarh, Tipagarh, palasgarh, khobramendha and surjagarh. Vainganga, pranhita, Indravati and Godavari these four river flow across the border of Gadchiroli district. In Gadchiroli district the temperature in summer is usually recorded 45 cg. And in autumn the rain is recorded 1400 – 1500 mm paddy (rice) is a major crop of Gadchiroli district and approximately 92% of area is occupied by this crop.

Study Area:-

Gadchiroli district came into existence and separated from Chandrapur district on 25 Aug 1982. A Geographically Gadchiroli district is Located in the south east of Maharashtra state, Gondia and Bhandara Locate in the north of district, Chhattisgarh locate in the east while Andhra Pradesh in south Chandrapur district locate in the west, The location of the district is 19 to 21 north latitude and 80 to 81 east longitude. Wainganga is the major river of the district which flow from west direction and it is the boundary line of district.

This district is generally considered as rural, tribal and nuxlite district. The road Tran's potation in Gadchiroli district is efficient. From 12 Talukas of Gadchiroli district most of the tourist places are present in rural part. These places are historical fort pilgrim center, places of natural beauties, sanctuaries but till they are not developed.

Objective of study:-

1. To facilitate the tourist center of Gadchiroli district the scheme and plans of Maharashtra tourism Development Corporation and private hotels and lodges.



2. To create opportunities of employment by developing tourist center.
3. To provide various a transportation facilities as well as special protection of the tourist.
4. To adopt varies govt. scheme to developed tourism in Gadchiroli district.
5. To protect and preserve the ancient monument, forts, religious spots on behalf of archeological dept.
6. To study the situation of tourism development in 2011- 12 & 2016-17

Tourism Centre in Gadchiroli District :-

The tourism of Gadchiroli district chiefly include the historical and Religious, pilgrims spots, Historical monuments forts, temple and the places of nature beauty, sanctuary and zoo.

A. Historical and pilgrim centers -

1. Markendeshwar Temple (Markenda) – Hemandpanti temple – 35 km from Gadchiroli and 7 km from Chamorshi
2. Bhandarashwar temple (Vairagarh) – 35 km from Gadchiroli and 15 km from Armori.
3. Chaprala temple (Kartik Swami temple) -70 km from Gadchiroli and 7 km from Mulchera.
4. Semana temple – 3 km from Gadchiroli.
5. Arattoandi – On Desaignanj – Kurkheda route
6. Amgaonbuti on Desaignanj – Lakhandur.
7. Khobramendha – On Kurkheda – Malewada route.
8. Lakkhamendha – (in Mahabharat lakshagruha.
9. Armori - Hemandpanti temple.
10. Sironcha – Sihasthanam temple.
11. Tipagarh – Gurubaba and Durga temple.
12. Wasala – Meghnath temple.
13. Bhowrargarh - Hemandpanti temple.
14. Gogaon – Nagdev temple
15. Devkhadki – Manikdev temple.
16. Manapur and Kadholi – shriram temple.

B) Forts –

1. Vairagarh – 50 km from Gadchiroli and 15 km from Armori.
2. Tipagarh – 100 km from Gadchiroli.
3. Surjagarh – 145 km from Gadchiroli and 15 km from Atapalli.
4. Khobragarh – 3 km from Gadchiroli.

C. Nature beauty places –

1. Bhamrargarh – Union of Chamulgautam, Indravati, Parlakota River.
2. Somnur – Union of Godavari and Indravati River.
3. Prashantdhamma – Union of Vainganga and Pranhita River.
4. Binagunda – (water falls) - 40 km from Bhamrargarh.
5. Jitam – (water falls) - 61 km from Alapalli.
6. Vanvaibhav – Glori of forest, Alapalli.
7. Chaprala – sanctuary – 110 km from Gadchiroli.
8. Lokbiradari center and Zoo, Baba Amte - monastery (3 km from Bhamrargarh)

Roads and Transportation in Gadchiroli district:-

Roads and transportation of rural area is quite sufficient in the rural tourism of Gadchiroli district. Above 75% roads from Gadchiroli district are complete in process. Above 75% Tar road are found in the remote areas also there are 4 main routes in Gadchiroli district.

- i. Gadchiroli - Mulchera
- ii. Gadchiroli - Dhanora – Manapur – Chathisgerh
- iii. Gadchiroli - Chamorshi – Aheri – Sironch – Andrapradesh
- iv. Gadchiroli - Armori – Nagpur

Problem of tourism in Gadchiroli district:-

Though Gadchiroli district has abundance of historical and religious places and natural beauties but there are several problematic factors that affect tourism in Gadchiroli district.

1. Eight (8) out of twelve (12) talukas from